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SOURCE Hwanghae Inminpo.

SUGGESTS FURTHER DEVELOPMENT OF LOCAL INDUSTRIES

It is expected that the total production of local industries for 1950 under the People's Economic Program will be 212 percent of that of 1948. The local industries are most important in the construction of the people's economy of North Korea because they not only produce the essential goods but also supply the main energy for the economic and cultural life.

The local industries of Hwanghae Province have developed by leaps and bounds. The state-operated local industries in this province have attained 100.3 percent of the production quota for the first quarter of 1949. This production record equalled 24.3 percent of that of the corresponding period last year. Topped by the Haeju Toyop Factory which attained 337.2 percent, the Changyon Brewery, Haeju Food Manufacturing Factory, Koksan Paper Manufacturing Factory, and many others have surpassed their production quotas for the first quarter of the year. The local industrial cooperatives have attained an average of 186.3 percent for the same period, while the private industries recorded 119.2 percent.

However, there is still room for further development of the local industries in this province. To achieve further development:

1. We must constantly increase the production of essential goods and industrial efficiency by using the industrial facilities to their fullest capacity, organizing the working forces on a scientific basis, securing raw materials by carefully arranged plans, and assuring the best industrial conditions for maximum production. We must also mechanize handicrafts and save essential materials by encouraging inventions and mechanical improvements and widely adopting such inventions and improvements.

2. Each worker in the local industries must recognize their importance for the country and for the people, and he must be conscientious in his work at all times. He must improve his skill, rigidly adhere to worker's rules, propagate political education, and incite patriotism among his comrades.

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3. We must develop the industrial cooperatives which constitute an important part in the local industries. We must help workers to understand the significance of the principles and the system of operation of cooperatives.

4. We must help the local private industries by supporting them politically and by securing industrial raw materials for them so that they can pursue without interruption the production of commodities which the country demands.

5. The goods manufactured should be marketed to the consumers as rapidly and as directly as possible through the national distribution system. Special care should be given in distributing the commodities manufactured by private industries in order not to give an opportunity for profiteering. Such goods should be sold directly to the state economic system so as to help the People's Economic Program.

6. The manufacturers should attend to financial affairs with care, and also should be careful not to manufacture too many nonessential goods. They must concentrate on manufacturing the commodities specified by the government. Production competitions among factories and workers merely for the sake of competition must be avoided. Work should be carried out according to the daily and monthly production plans for each type of commodity so that the quotas can be met without fail. Moreover, each worker should rigidly conform to the quality standards and improve the quality of his product.

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